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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/542,074	07/13/2005	Ilkka Rata	METSO-43	9695
36528 STIFNNON &	7590 01/28/2008 - STIENNON		EXAM	
	STIENNON & STIENNON 612 W. MAIN ST., SUITE 201		HALPERN, MARK	
P.O. BOX 166	7 /I 53701-1667 .		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
MADISON, W	71 33701-1007		1791	
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			01/28/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/542,074	RATA, ILKKA			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Mark Halpern	1791			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover she	et with the correspondence ac	ddress		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMM 36(a). In no event, however, r will apply and will expire SIX (6 , cause the application to become	IUNICATION. nay a reply be timely filed i) MONTHS from the mailing date of this of the ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☒ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal		e merits is		
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 12-32 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 12-32 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	wn from consideration				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplicated any not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 11.	epted or b) objected or b) objected drawing(s) be held in all tion is required if the drawing or better the dr	beyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). awing(s) is objected to. See 37 C			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s) 1) ☑ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) ☑ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 7/13/05.	Pape 5) 🔲 Notic	view Summary (PTO-413) er No(s)/Mail Date ce of Informal Patent Application er:			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- Scott (DE 1151433) in view of Dubois (6,139,638). Scott discloses a doctor arrangement comprising a blade holder (11) which of a single piece construction, a blade (13) fitted to the blade holder, the beveled edge of which is arranged to be in contact with a surface, and a separate backing blade (I 4 or 15) fitted to the blade holder, which is fitted at one edge into the blade holder, the other edge extending closer than the blade holder to the beveled edge (see Figs. 1 and 3). Scott is silent concerning a doctor arrangement support or frame and the blade holder being formed from composite material. However, it was known in the art at the time the invention was made, to provide a frame to support a doctor arrangement with respect to a moving surface and provide composite blade holding members as evidenced by Dubois (see col. 2, lines 9-12 and lines 30-34). The backing blade is shown in the Figs. 1 and 3 of Scott to be similar in shape to that of the blade and a locking or retaining member (28) is provided to attach the blade to the blade holder. Scott shows at least two recesses

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(18) for holding connecting the blade with the blade holder. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to provide a frame as taught by Dubois to support the Scott doctor arrangement against a worked or moving surface and make the blade holder from appropriate material including a composite as such is conventional in the art and would only require routine skill in the art.

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

2) Claims 12-32 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-12 of U.S. Patent No. 6,942,734.

Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from

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each other because the present application and the patent recite a doctor arrangement that includes a frame, a blade holder formed of composite material, a blade, a separate backing blade.

3) Claims 12-32 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-17 of U.S. Patent No. 6,687,950. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the present application and the patent recite a doctor arrangement that includes a frame, a blade holder formed of composite material, a blade, a separate backing blade.

Conclusion

4) Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mark Halpern whose telephone no. is 571-272-1190.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Steven Griffin can be reached on 571-272-1189. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should

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you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

/Mark Halpern/ Primary Examiner Art Unit 1791